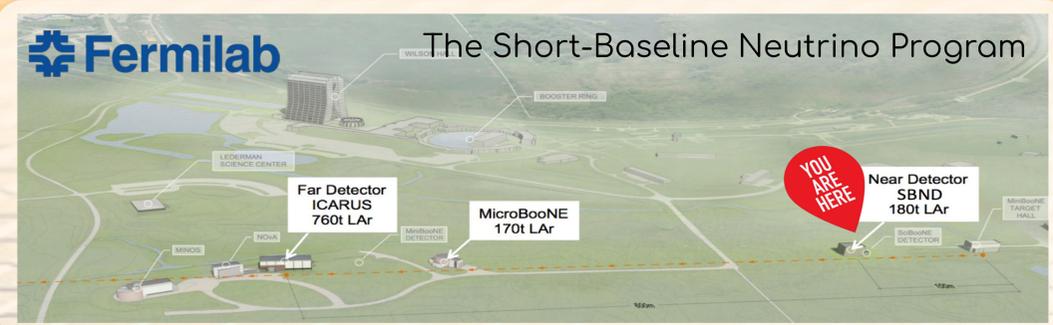




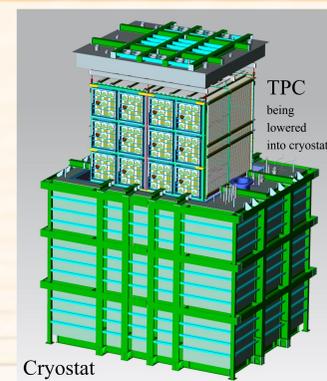
Status of the Short-Baseline Near Detector at Fermilab

G. A. Valdivieso on behalf of the SBND Collaboration
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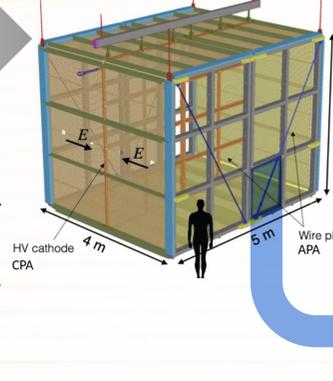


SBND in a nutshell

- A Time Projection Chamber (TPC) containing $111,6 \times 10^3$ kg of liquid argon as a neutrino target.
- Located at **110m** from Fermilab's Boost Neutrino Beam (BNB) target.
- As part of the SBN program, it will look for **muon-neutrino disappearance** as well as **electron-neutrino appearance** in the BNB's muon-neutrino beam addressing the puzzle of the **short-baseline neutrino anomaly**.
- Its standalone physics program include **neutrino-argon cross-section** measurements, **Beyond Standard Model (BSB)** searches, as well as potential for **Supernova** observations.



- Two anode planes, each of which with three wire planes.
- One central cathode plane, lined with wavelength-shifter coated foils.
- A uniform cathode-to-anode electric field (**500V/cm**), surrounded by a field cage.



- APAs are equipped with **Photon Detection System (PDS)** boxes.
- Each PDS box contains three photo sensors:
 1. Coated PMT direct scintillation light
 2. Uncoated PMT light reflected by the CPA foils.
 3. ARAPUCA direct scintillation light

Installation Status

- Most recently:**
- Cryostat external structure already in place.
 - Internal wall flatness and dimensions measured.
- Up next:**
- Membrane cryostat, internal and external cryogenics.
 - Top cap assembly and installation.
 - The the top cap is assembled at CERN.

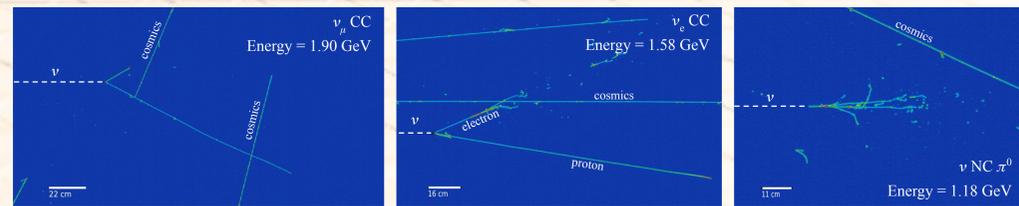


- A special structure, the **Assembly Transport Frame (ATF)** was built to facilitate the TPC's assembly and installation process.
- The installation procedure was already tested with a mock version of the Anode Plane Assembly (APA).

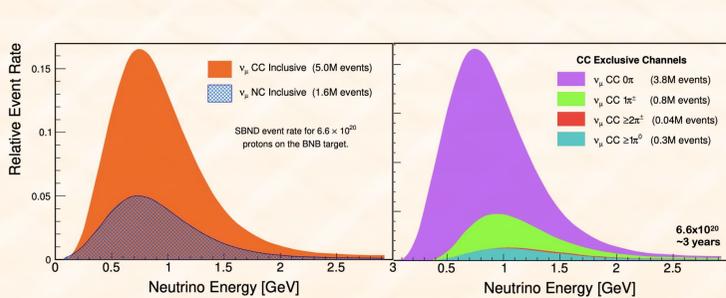


- In the next few months, there will be a TPC inside this ATF

Physics and Simulation



Recent MC production: high statistics samples of BNB's ν_μ and ν_e , and cosmes.

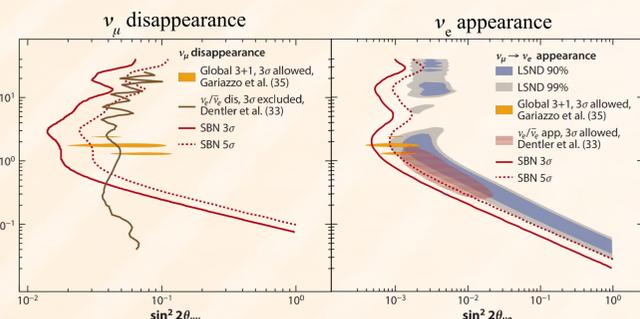


Expecting an unprecedented **6,6 million** neutrino interactions corresponding to 6.6×10^{20} protons-on-target (delivered in approximately 3 years), of which about **3:4** from charged current (CC) and **1:4** from neutral current (NC) events.

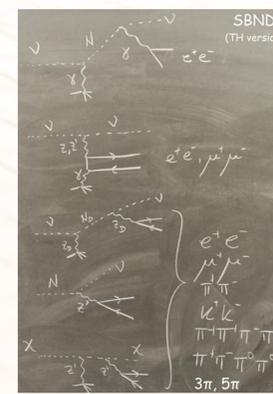
CC events distribution over the most frequent final-state topologies.

Employing three fitting frameworks allowing for detailed validation and cross-checking. These are fed with common inputs, but are independently-developed by other collaborations: CAFAna (by Nova and DUNE), SBNFit (by MicroBooNE) and VALOR (by T2K).

Sensitivity to ν_μ disappearance and ν_e appearance in a 3+1 model.



Beyond Standard Model Searches



- SBND is potentially sensitive to a huge, new range of BSM physics searches.
- Particular interest in models which predict new particles produced alongside the neutrino beam.
- Most common signatures are di-leptons, mu+pi, e+pi, but many others as well.

ν magnetic moment

Explains MiniBooNE

Dark neutrinos

Explains MiniBooNE

New gauge bosons (e.g. $L_\mu-L_\tau$)

Explains $(g-2)_\mu$

Dark tridents

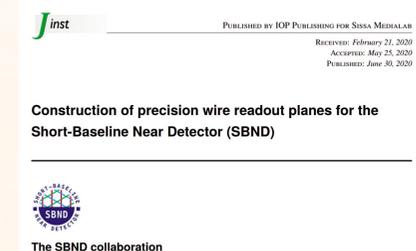
Explains DM

Don't Miss Our Other Poster

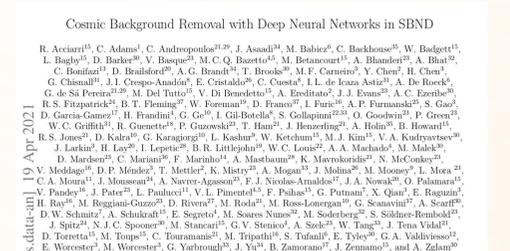
A DAQ-Level Pure Neutrino Stream For SBND
presented by **Erin Yandel** from UC Santa Barbara

A preliminary look at a DAQ-level 100% pure selection of neutrino events, to be used in the development and validation of calibration, monitoring, and analysis tools for SBND.

Recent Publications



DOI 10.1088/1748-0221/15/06/P06033



ArXiv 1212.01301